

GeneQuery™ Human Cancer Stem Cell Markers qPCR Array Kit (GQH-CSC)

Catalog #GK128

Product Description

ScienCell's GeneQueryTM Human Cancer Stem Cell Markers qPCR Array Kit (GQH-CSC) is designed to facilitate gene expression profiling of 40 commonly used cancer stem cell markers. Cancer stem cells (CSCs), also known as cancer initiating cells, are a small subpopulation of immortal cells within a tumor or hematological cancers that are capable of self-renewal and differentiation. CSCs have been linked to cancer initiation, progression and metastasis and may serve as targets for cancer treatment.

GeneQueryTM qPCR array kits are qPCR ready in a 96-well plate format, with each well containing one primer set that can specifically recognize and efficiently amplify a target gene's cDNA. The carefully designed primers ensure that: (i) the optimal annealing temperature in qPCR analysis is 65°C (with 2 mM Mg²⁺, and no DMSO); (ii) the primer set recognizes all known transcript variants of target gene, unless otherwise indicated; and (iii) only one gene is amplified. Each primer set has been validated by qPCR with melt curve analysis, and gel electrophoresis.

GeneQueryTM qPCR Array Kit Controls

Each GeneQueryTM plate contains eight controls (Figure 1).

- Five target housekeeping genes (ACTB, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH), which enable normalization of data.
- The Genomic DNA (gDNA) Control (GDC) detects possible gDNA contamination in the cDNA samples. It contains a primer set targeting a non-transcribed region of the genome.
- Positive PCR Control (PPC) tests whether samples contain inhibitors or other factors that
 may negatively affect gene expression results. The PPC consists of a predispensed
 synthetic DNA template and a primer set that can amplify it. The sequence of the DNA
 template is not present in the human genome, and thus tests the efficiency of the
 polymerase chain reaction itself.
- The No Template Control (NTC) is strongly recommended, and can be used to monitor the DNA contamination introduced during the workflow such as reagents, tips, and the lab bench.

Kit Components

Component	Cat #	Quantity	Storage
GeneQuery TM array plate with lyophilized primers	GK128	1	4°C or -20°C
Optical PCR plate seal	N/A	1	RT
Nuclease-free H ₂ O	GQ100-1	2	4°C

Additional Materials Required (Materials Not Included in Kit)

Component	Recommended			
Reverse transcriptase	First-Strand cDNA Synthesis Master Mix, 4x (ScienCell, Cat #MB6008)			
cDNA template	Customers' samples			
qPCR master mix	GoldNStart TaqGreen qPCR Master Mix (ScienCell, Cat #MB6018)			

Quality Control

All the primer sets are validated by qPCR with melt curve analysis. The PCR products are analyzed by gel electrophoresis. Single band amplification is confirmed for each set of primers.

Product Use

GQH-CSC is for research use only. It is not approved for human or animal use, or for application in clinical or *in vitro* diagnostic procedures.

Shipping and Storage

The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, the plate should be stored at 4°C and is good for up to 12 months. For long-term storage (>1 year), store the plate at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer.

Procedures

Note: The primers in each well are lyophilized.

- 1. Prior to use, allow plates to warm to room temperature.
- 2. Briefly centrifuge at 1,500x g for 1 minute before slowly peeling off the seal.
- 3. Prepare 20 µl PCR reactions for one well as shown in Table 1.

Table 1

cDNA template	0.2 – 250 ng
2x qPCR master mix	10 μl
Nuclease-free H ₂ O	variable
To	tal volume 20 μl

Important: Only use polymerases with hot-start capability to prevent possible primer-dimer formation. Only use nuclease-free reagents in PCR amplification.

4. Add the mixture of 2x qPCR master mix, cDNA template, and nuclease-free H₂O to each well containing the lyophilized primers. Seal the plate with the provided optical PCR plate seal.

Important: In NTC control well, do NOT add cDNA template. Add 2x qPCR master mix and nuclease-free H2O only.

- 5. Briefly centrifuge the plates at 1,500x g for 1 minute at room temperature. For maximum reliability, replicates are strongly recommended (minimum of 3).
- 6. For PCR program setup, please refer to the instructions of the master mix of the user's choice. We recommend a typical 3-step qPCR protocol for a 200nt amplicon:

Three-step cycling protocol

Step	Temperature	Time	Number of cycles
Initial denaturation	95°C	10 min	1
Denaturation	95°C	20 sec	
Annealing	65°C	20 sec	40
Extension	72°C	20 sec	40
Data acquisition	Plat	e read	
Recommended	Melting curve analysis		1
Hold	4°C	Indefinite	1

7. (Optional) Load the PCR products on 1.5% agarose gel and perform electrophoresis to confirm the single band amplification in each well.

Figure 1. Layout of GeneQueryTM qPCR array kit controls.

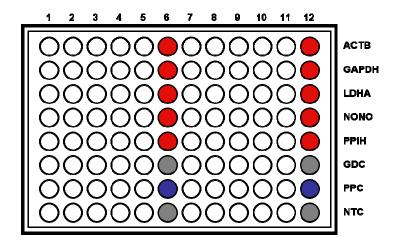


Table 2. Interpretation of control results:

Controls	Results	Interpretation	Suggestions
Housekeeping gene controls	Variability of a housekeeping gene's Cq value	The expression of the housekeeping gene is variable in samples; cycling program is incorrect	Choose a constantly expressed target, or analyze expression levels of multiple housekeeping genes; use correct cycling program and make sure that all cycle parameters have been correctly entered
gDNA Control (GDC)	Cq ≥ 35	No gDNA detected	N/A
	Cq < 35	The sample is contaminated with gDNA	Perform DNase digestion during RNA purification step
Positive PCR Control (PPC)	Cq > 30; or The Cq variations > 2 between qPCR Arrays.	Poor PCR performance; possible PCR inhibitor in reactions; cycling program incorrect	Eliminate inhibitor by purifying samples; use correct cycling program and make sure that all cycle parameters have been correctly entered
No Template Control (NTC)	Positive	DNA contamination in workflow	Eliminate sources of DNA contamination (reagents, plastics, etc.)

Figure 2. A typical amplification curve showing the amplification of a qPCR product.

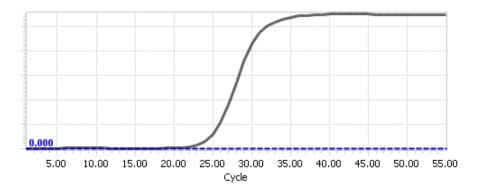
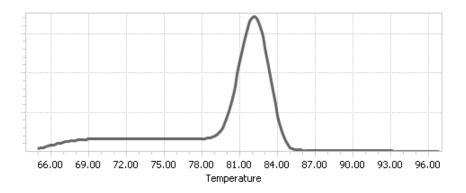


Figure 3. A typical melting peak of a qPCR product.



Quantification Method: Comparative ΔΔCq (Quantification Cycle Value) Method

1. <u>Note</u>: Please refer to your qPCR instrument's data analysis software for data analysis. The method provided here serves as guidance for quick manual calculations.

You can use one or more housekeeping genes as a reference to normalize samples.

Important: We highly recommend using all 5 housekeeping genes included in this kit: ACTB, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH.

2. For a single housekeeping gene, Δ Cq (ref) is the quantification cycle number change for that housekeeping gene (HKG) between an experimental sample and control sample.

$$\Delta$$
Cq (ref) = Cq (HKG, experimental sample) - Cq (HKG, control sample)

When using multiple housekeeping genes as a reference, we recommend normalizing using the geometric mean [1] of the expression level change, which is the same as normalizing using the arithmetic mean of ΔCq of the selected housekeeping genes.

 Δ Cq (ref) = average (Δ Cq (HKG1), Δ Cq (HKG2),......, Δ Cq (HKG n)) (n is the number of housekeeping genes selected)

If using all 5 housekeeping genes included in this kit (ACTB, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH) use the following formula:

$$\Delta$$
Cq (ref) = (Δ Cq(ACTB)+ Δ Cq(GAPDH)+ Δ Cq(LDHA)+ Δ Cq(NONO)+ Δ Cq(PPIH)) /5

Note: Δ Cq (HKG) = Cq (HKG, experimental sample) - Cq (HKG, control sample), and Δ Cq (HKG) value can be positive, 0, or negative.

3. For any of your genes of interest (GOI),

$$\Delta$$
Cq (GOI) = Cq (GOI, experimental sample) - Cq (GOI, control sample)

$$\Delta\Delta$$
Cq = Δ Cq (GOI) - Δ Cq (ref)

Normalized GOI expression level fold change = $2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq}$

References

[1] Vandesompele J, De Preter K, Pattyn F, Poppe B, Van Roy N, De Paepe A, Speleman F. (2002) "Accurate normalization of real-time quantitative RT-PCR data by geometric averaging of multiple internal control genes." *Genome Biol.* 3(7): 1-12.

Example: Comparative ΔΔCq (Quantification Cycle Value) Method

Table 3. Cq (Quantification Cycle) values of 2 genes-of-interest and 5 housekeeping genes obtained for experimental and control samples.

	Genes o	f Interest	st Housekeeping Genes				
Samples	GOI1	GOI2	ACTB	GAPDH	LDHA	NONO	PPIH
Experimental	21.61	22.19	17.16	17.84	20.12	19.64	26.40
Control	33.13	26.47	18.20	18.48	20.57	19.50	26.55

$$\Delta$$
Cq (ref) = (Δ Cq(ACTB)+ Δ Cq(GAPDH)+ Δ Cq(LDHA)+ Δ Cq(NONO)+ Δ Cq(PPIH)) /5 = ((17.16-18.20)+(17.84-18.48)+(20.12-20.57)+(19.64-19.50)+(26.40-26.55))/5 = -0.43

$$\Delta$$
Cq (GOI1) = 21.61 - 33.13
= -11.52

$$\Delta$$
Cq (GOI2) = 22.19 - 26.47
= -4.28

$$\Delta\Delta$$
Cq (GOI1) = Δ Cq (GOI1) - Δ Cq (ref)
= -11.52 - (-0.43)
= -11.09

$$\Delta\Delta$$
Cq (GOI2) = Δ Cq (GOI2) - Δ Cq (ref)
= -4.28 - (-0.43)
= -3.85

Normalized GOI1 expression level fold change =
$$2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq~(GOI1)}$$

= $2^{11.09}$
= 2180

Normalized GOI2 expression level fold change =
$$2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq}$$
 (GOI2)
= $2^{3.85}$
= 14.4

Conclusion: Upon treatment, expression level of GOI1 increased 2,180 fold, and expression level of GOI2 increased 14.4 fold.



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GeneQueryTM Human Cancer Stem Cell Markers qPCR Array Plate Layout* (*8 controls* in Bold and Italic)

Note: all gene names follow their official symbols by HGNC

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	ABCG2	CD55	DPP4	ITGB1	NGFR	ACTB	ABCG2	CD55	DPP4	ITGB1	NGFR	ACTB
В	ALCAM	CD9	ENG	KIT	NOTCH2	GAPDH	ALCAM	CD9	ENG	KIT	NOTCH2	GAPDH
C	ALDH1A1	CD96	EPCAM	LGR5	NOTCH3	LDHA	ALDH1A1	CD96	EPCAM	LGR5	NOTCH3	LDHA
D	ANPEP	CSF3R	FUT4	MCAM	PODXL	NONO	ANPEP	CSF3R	FUT4	MCAM	PODXL	NONO
E	BMI1	CXCR1	HAVCR2	MME	POU5F1	PPIH	BMI1	CXCR1	HAVCR2	MME	POU5F1	PPIH
\mathbf{F}	CD24	CXCR2	ICAM1	MS4A1	PROM1	GDC	CD24	CXCR2	ICAM1	MS4A1	PROM1	GDC
G	CD34	CXCR4	IL3RA	NCAM1	TDGF1	PPC	CD34	CXCR4	IL3RA	NCAM1	TDGF1	PPC
Н	CD44	DLL4	ITGA6	NES	THY1	NTC	CD44	DLL4	ITGA6	NES	THY1	NTC

^{*} gene selection may be updated based on new research and development

Appendix. Plate type choice chart.

Plate type A

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
ABI / Life Tech	ABI 5700	GK128-A
	ABI 7000	GK128-A
	ABI 7300	GK128-A
	ABI 7500	GK128-A
	ABI 7700	GK128-A
	ABI 7900 HT	GK128-A
	QuantStudio	GK128-A
	ViiA 7	GK128-A
Bio-Rad	Chromo4	GK128-A
	iCycler	GK128-A
	iQ5	GK128-A
	MyiQ	GK128-A
	MyiQ2	GK128-A
Eppendorf / Life Tech	Matercycler ep realplex 2	GK128-A
	Matercycler ep realplex 4	GK128-A
Stratagene	MX3000P	GK128-A
	MX3005P	GK128-A

Plate type B

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
ABI / Life Tech	ABI 7500 Fast	GK128-B
	ABI 7900 HT Fast	GK128-B
	QuantStudio Fast	GK128-B
	StepOnePlus	GK128-B
	ViiA 7 Fast	GK128-B
Bio-Rad	CFX Connect	GK128-B
	CFX96	GK128-B
	DNA Engine Opticon 2	GK128-B
Stratagono	MX4000	GK128-B
Stratagene	MA4000	GK 120-D

Plate type C

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
Roche	Lightcycler 96	GK128-C
	Lightcycler 480 (96-well)	GK128-C